

Government that works for citizens

Financial Statements Audit Report

Valley School District No. 70

Stevens County

For the periods September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015 and September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2014

Published May 26, 2016 Report No. 1016781





Washington State Auditor's Office

May 26, 2016

Board of Directors Valley School District No. 70 Valley, Washington

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Report on Financial Statements

Please find attached our report on Valley School District No. 70's financial statements.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

OLYMPIA, WA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Valley School District No. 70 Stevens County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

Board of Directors Valley School District No. 70 Valley, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Valley School District No. 70, Stevens County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 9, 2016. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended August 31, 2015, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency,

or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

Twy X Kelley

OLYMPIA, WA

May 9, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Valley School District No. 70 Stevens County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

Board of Directors Valley School District No. 70 Valley, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Valley School District No. 70, Stevens County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, as listed on page 9.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Washington State statutes and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual) described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's

judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant account estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1, the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of Washington State statutes using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The difference in these accounting practices is also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Valley School District No. 70, as of August 31, 2015, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Unmodified Opinions on the Governmental Funds Based on U.S. GAAP

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General, ASB, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Transportation Vehicle funds as of August 31, 2015, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Matters of Emphasis

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedules of Long-Term Liabilities are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 9, 2016 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

Twy X Kelley

OLYMPIA, WA

May 9, 2016

FINANCIAL SECTION

Valley School District No. 70 Stevens County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Schedules of Long-Term Liabilities – 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Valley School District No. 70 Stevens County September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2014

Board of Directors Valley School District No. 70 Valley, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Valley School District No. 70, Stevens County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 9, 2016. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended August 31, 2014, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

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or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

Twy X Kelley

OLYMPIA, WA

May 9, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Valley School District No. 70 Stevens County September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2014

Board of Directors Valley School District No. 70 Valley, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Valley School District No. 70, Stevens County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, as listed on page 15.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Washington State statutes and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual) described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's

judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant account estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1, the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of Washington State statutes using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The difference in these accounting practices is also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Valley School District No. 70, as of August 31, 2014, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Unmodified Opinions on the Governmental Funds Based on U.S. GAAP

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General, ASB, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Transportation Vehicle funds as of August 31, 2014, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Matters of Emphasis

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedules of Long-Term Liabilities are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 9, 2016 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

Twy X Kelley

OLYMPIA, WA

May 9, 2016

FINANCIAL SECTION

Valley School District No. 70 Stevens County September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – 2014
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Valley School District No. 070

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

August 31, 2015

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
ASSETS:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	489,737.76	4,630.98	29,334.15	823.78	93,140.77	00.00	617,667.44
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-378,107.99	-93.14	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	-378,201.13
Taxes Receivable	67,855.54		134,076.38	00.00	00.00		201,931.92
Due From Other Funds	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Due From Other Governmental Units	27,903.04	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00	27,903.04
Accounts Receivable	38,568.06	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	38,568.06
Interfund Loans Receivable	00.00			00.00			00.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Inventory	1,064.36	00.00		00.00			1,064.36
Prepaid Items	211,134.71	00.00			00.00	00.00	211,134.71
Investments	450,017.27	32,163.14	143,091.37	107,626.79	49,000.51	00.00	781,899.08
Investments/Cash With Trustee	208,865.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	208,865.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	00.0			0.00			00.0
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	0.00						00.00
TOTAL ASSETS	1,117,037.75	36,700.98	306,501.90	108,450.57	142,141.28	00.00	1,710,832.48
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	0.00		00.0	0.00	0.00		00.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	1,117,037.75	36,700.98	306,501.90	108,450.57	142,141.28	00.00	1,710,832.48
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	8,505.29	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	8,505.29
Contracts Payable Current	00.0	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Accrued Interest Payable			00.0				00.00
Accrued Salaries	27,901.44	00.00		00.0			27,901.44
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00		00.0	00.00	00.00		00.00
	The accompanying	notes are	an integral part o	of this financial	al statement.		

Valley School District No. 070

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

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	General Fund	ASB	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects	Transportation Vehicle	Permanent Find	Total
LIABILITIES:			!	1		!	
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	6,027.14	00.00		00.00			6,027.14
Due To Other Governmental Units	2,971.57	00.0		00.00	00.0	00.0	2,971.57
Deferred Compensation Payable	00.00			00.00			00.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	00.0						00.00
Due To Other Funds	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Interfund Loans Payable	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Deposits	00.00	00.00		00.00			00.00
Unearned Revenue	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Matured Bonds Payable			00.00				00.00
Matured Bond Interest Payable			00.00				00.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	45,405.44	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	45,405.44
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable Revenue	4,869.60	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	4,869.60
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	67,855.54		134,076.38	00.0	00.0		201,931.92
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	72,725.14	0.00	134,076.38	0.00	00.00	0.00	206,801.52
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	212,199.07	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	212,199.07
Restricted Fund Balance	355.84	36,700.98	172,425.52	00.00	142,141.28	00.00	351,623.62
Committed Fund Balance	32,800.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	32,800.00
Assigned Fund Balance	488,865.00	00.00	00.00	108,450.57	00.00	00.00	597,315.57
Unassigned Fund Balance	264,687.26	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	264,687.26
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	998,907.17	36,700.98	172,425.52	108,450.57	142,141.28	00.00	1,458,625.52
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	1,117,037.75	36,700.98	306,501.90	108,450.57	142,141.28	0.00	1,710,832.48

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Valley School District No. 070

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	310,149.13	10,416.02	313,577.04	129.03	80.89		634,352.11
State	6,541,154.20		00.00	00.00	92,741.69		6,633,895.89
Federal	414,180.36		00.00	00.00	00.00		414,180.36
Federal Stimulus	00.0						00.00
Other	2,569,170.82			00.00	00.00	00.00	2,569,170.82
TOTAL REVENUES	9,834,654.51	10,416.02	313,577.04	129.03	92,822.58	00.00	10,251,599.18
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT:							
Regular Instruction	4,656,447.52						4,656,447.52
Federal Stimulus	00.0						00.00
Special Education	917,134.60						917,134.60
Vocational Education	00.0						00.00
Skill Center	00.0						00.00
Compensatory Programs	277,207.59						277,207.59
Other Instructional Programs	10,123.27						10,123.27
Community Services	1,303,671.08						1,303,671.08
Support Services	2,727,086.02						2,727,086.02
Student Activities/Other		7,117.99				00.0	7,117.99
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				00.00			00.00
Building				00.00			00.00
Equipment				00.00			00.00
Instructional Technology				00.00			00.00
Energy				00.00			00.00
Transportation Equipment					105,081.97		105,081.97
Sales and Lease				00.00			00.00
Other	00.0						00.00
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	00.0		170,000.00	00.00	00.0		170,000.00
Interest and Other Charges	00.0		135,721.14	00.00	00.0		135,721.14
Bond/Levy Issuance				00.00	00.0		00.00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,891,670.08	7,117.99	305,721.14	0.00	105,081.97	00.00	10,309,591.18

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Valley School District No. 070

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capi tal Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
DEBT SERVICE:							
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-57,015.57	3,298.03	7,855.90	129.03	-12,259.39	00.00	-57,992.00
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Long-Term Financing	00.00			00.00	00.00		00.00
Transfers In	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Transfers Out (GL 536)	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Other	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	-57,015.57	3,298.03	7,855.90	129.03	-12,259.39	00.0	-57,992.00
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	847,909.93	33,402.95	164,569.62	108,321.54	154,400.67	00.00	1,308,604.71
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	208,012.81	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.00	208,012.81
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	998,907.17	36,700.98	172,425.52	108,450.57	142,141.28	00.00	1,458,625.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT #070 Notes to the Financial Statements September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Valley School District (District) is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1) and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental (and fiduciary) funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington State, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after yearend. Property taxes receivable are measurable but not available and are, therefore, not accrued. Categorical program claims and interdistrict billings are measurable and available and are, therefore, accrued.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>. The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Superintendent is the only person who has the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and Payables

The only receivables and payables not expected to be collected and/or paid within one year are made up of \$2,931,840.74 of voted bonds, lease obligations and compensated absence liabilities in the Schedule of Long Term Liabilities.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. \$1,064.36 of fund balance representing USDA commodity inventory, is considered Nonspendable. (Such reserves for inventory indicate that a portion of net current assets is set aside to replace or increase the inventory.) USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

Accounting and Reporting Changes for 2014–15

Effective for the 2014–15 school year, the district implemented provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. As a result, the Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities now includes the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans in which the district participates.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Stevens County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Investments are presented at cost.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2015, are as follows:

		Investments held by (district) as an agent	
	(District's) own	for other	
Type of Investment	investments	organizations	Total
State Treasurer's			
Investment Pool	\$781,899.08		\$781,899.08
County Treasurer's			
Investment Pool			
U.S. Government			
Securities			
Other:	\$208,865.12		\$208,865.12
Total	\$990,764.20		\$990,764.20

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In 2012-13 the State Auditor initiated a statewide audit of 'substantially similar' services offered by ALE programs of twelve school districts during the 2011-12 school year. Valley School District was one of the districts audited. The term and definition "Substantially similar experiences and services" was first implemented in 2011-12 and means that for each purchased or contracted instructional or co-curricular course, lesson, trip, or other experience, service, or activity identified on an alternative learning experience written student learning plan there is an identical or similar experience, service, or activity made available to students enrolled in the district's regular instructional program that is: (i) At a similar grade level; (ii) At a similar level of frequency, intensity, and duration including, but not limited to, consideration of individual versus group instruction; (iii) At a similar level of cost to the student with regard to any related club, group, or association memberships; admission, enrollment, registration, rental or other participation fees; or any other expense associated with the experience or service; (iv) In accordance with district adopted content standards or state defined grade level standards; and (v) supervised, monitored, assessed, evaluated, and documented by a certificated teacher. The State Auditor found that the District's Columbia Virtual Academy (CVA) program provided experiences totaling \$298,255.43 that were not deemed to be "substantially similar". In May, 2014 the District received an OSPI audit resolution notice indicating its intention to recapture the funds. After receiving additional information from the District, OSPI subsequently reduced the amount to \$286,661. OSPI has agreed to a repayment plan in which the District will make payments of \$75,000 in April 2016, \$106,000 in April 2017 and \$105,661 in April 2018.

Litigation

The District has no known legal obligations that would materially impact the financial position of the District.

NOTE 4: SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no events after the balance sheet date that would have a material impact on the next or future fiscal years.

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Long-term Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability.

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS CAFR. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2015, was as follows:

		Inactive Vested	
Plan	Active Members	Members	Retired Members
PERS 1	4,782	1,178	51,070
SERS 2	22,950	5,357	5,796
SERS 3	30,832	6,963	4,825
TRS 1	1,824	323	35,639
TRS 2	13,632	2,357	3,894
TRS 3	51,837	7,655	6,094

The latest actuarial valuation date for all plans was June 30, 2014.

Source: Washington State Office of the State Actuary

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one

percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service.

TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit.

Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members.

Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit.

Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost- of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.40, 41.32, and 41.35 RCW for PERS, TRS and SERS respectively. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The Employer and employee contribution rates for the PERS plan are effective as of July 1. SERS and TRS contribution rates are effective as of September 1. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2015 were as follows:

Pens	sion Rates		
	7/1/15 Rate	7/1/14 Rate	
PERS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	11.18%	9.21%	
Pens	sion Rates		
	9/1/15 Rate	9/1/14 Rate	
TRS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.13%	10.39%	
TRS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	5.95%	4.96%	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.13%	10.39%	
TRS 3			•
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.13%	10.39%	**
SERS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	5.63%	4.64%	
Employer Contribution Rate	11.58%	9.82%	
SERS 3			
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*	
Employer Contribution Rate	11.58%	9.82%	**
Note: The DRS administrative rate of .0018 is	included in the employer	rate.	
* = Variable from 5% to 15% based on rate sele	ected by the member.		
** = Defined benefit portion only.			

The Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following tables.

The Net Pension Liability as of Jun	e 30, 2015:			
Dollars in Thousands	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Total Pension Liability	\$12,789,242	\$4,473,428	\$9,237,730	\$11,220,833
Plan fiduciary net position	(\$7,558,312)	(\$4,067,277)	(\$6,069,588)	(\$10,377,031)
Participating employers' net pension liability	\$5,230,930	\$406,151	\$3,168,142	\$843,802
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.10%	90.92%	65.70%	92.48%

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At June 30, 2015, the school district reported a total liability of \$3,311,394 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability. Proportion of net pension liability is based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2015, the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2015	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual	83.945	118,825	102,516	128,554
Contributions	00,010		. 0=,0 . 0	0,00.
Proportionate				
Share of the Net	955,428	496,402	1,451,379	408,185
Pension Liability				

At June 30, 2015, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability was as follows and the changed in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below.

Allocation percentages	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.018265%	0.122221%	0.045812%	0.048375%
Prior year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.017445%	0.127780%	0.042627%	0.045969%
Net difference percentage	0.000820%	-0.005559%	0.003185%	0.002406%

Actuarial Assumptions

Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and expected rates of return by asset class provided by the Washington State Investment Board. The Office of the State Actuary relied on the CMAs in the selection of the long-term expected rate of return for reporting purposes.

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0% total economic inflation, 3.75% salary inflation			
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.75% salary inflation assumption, salaries			
	are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.			
Investment rate of return	7.50%			

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table published by the Society of Actuaries. The Office of the State Actuary applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100 percent Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning members are assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year, throughout their lifetime. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of the 2007–2012 Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2014 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, but including inflation) are developed for each major asset class by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's CMAs. The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return;
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.50% percent approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a fifty-year time horizon, increased slightly to remove WSIB's implicit and small short-term downward adjustment due to assumed mean reversion. WSIB's implicit short-term adjustment, while small and appropriate over a ten to fifteen-year period, becomes amplified over a fifty-year measurement period.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015, are summarized in the following table:

TRS1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3			
Asset Class	Target	Long-term Expected Real	
	Allocation	Rate of Return	
Fixed Income	20.00%	1.70%	
Tangible Assets	5.00%	4.40%	
Real Estate	15.00%	5.80%	
Global Equity	37.00%	6.60%	
Private Equity	23.00%	9.60%	

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20 percent, and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Consistent with current law, the completed asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.70 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contributions rate requirements. Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.50 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue to be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50 percent on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Valley School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (NPL) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability.

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)		
PERS1 NPL	\$6,368,671,000	\$5,230,930,000	\$4,252,577,000		
Allocation Percentage	0.018265%	0.018265%	0.018265%		
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$1,163,237	\$955,428	\$776,732		
SERS2/3 NPL	\$1,282,039,000	\$406,151,000	(\$273,474,000)		
Allocation Percentage	0.122221%	0.122221%	0.122221%		
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$1,566,921	\$496,402	(\$334,243)		
TRS1 NPL	\$3,982,571,000	\$3,168,142,000	\$2,467,801,000		
Allocation Percentage	0.045812%	0.045812%	0.045812%		
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$1,824,482	\$1,451,379	\$1,130,541		
TRS2/3 NPL	\$3,570,229,000	\$843,802,000	(\$1,183,066,000)		
Allocation Percentage	0.048375%	0.048375%	0.048375%		
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$1,727,081	\$408,185	(\$572,302)		

NOTE 6: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers an agent multi-employer other post-employment benefit plan. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Programs include (medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance).

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), 60 of the state's K–12 school districts and educational service districts (ESDs), and 221 political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the remaining 237 K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

According to state law, the Washington State Treasurer collects a fee from all school district entities which have employees that are not current active members of the state Health Care Authority but participate in the state retirement system. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees that elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority. The District does not fund this as a benefit for its employees. Instead, District employees pay the fees through a monthly payroll deduction. For the fiscal year 2014-15, the District was required to pay the HCA \$66.64 per month per full-time equivalent employee to support the program. The total annual 2014-15 payment remitted to the state HCA by the District through employee payroll deductions was \$66,435.10. This assessment to the District is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. Accordingly, these amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES

For the fiscal year(s) ended August 31, 2015, the District had incurred additional long-term debt as follows:

• Copier/Printers – Lessor: H&H Business Systems, Inc. – In August, 2014, the District executed five 60-month operating leases for five machines. Four of the five leases expire on August 31, 2019. The fifth lease expires one month later on September 30, 2019. The lease obligation within one year is \$9,360.00 and is \$9,360.00 in each subsequent fiscal year through 2018-19 with one final payment of \$230.00 due in September, 2019. Total outstanding lease obligation for the remaining term of the five operating leases is \$37,670. All leases renew automatically for a period of one year unless the District provides written notice.

NOTE 8: ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be re-encumbered the following year. The following encumbrance amounts were re-encumbered by fund on September 1, 2015:

Fund	Amount
General	\$3,242.16
ASB Fund	\$0
Capital Projects Fund	\$0
Transportation Vehicle Fund	\$0

NOTE 9: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$23,999,175 for fiscal year ended August 31, 2015. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

Capitalized Leases -

The District leases various computer equipment from Dell Financial Services. As of August 31, 2015 the District was party to one 36-month lease contracts with an expiry date of December 1, 2015. Each piece of equipment has a purchase value of less than \$1,650.00. However, because title to the equipment is automatically vested in the District upon completion of the leases, they are reported under capitalized leases per GASB 62.

The final quarterly payment on the lease covering the period September 1, 2015 – November 30, 2015 was made in August, 2015. Thus, no outstanding capital lease obligation existed as of August 31, 2015.

NOTE 10: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-Term Debt

Bonds payable at August 31, 2015, are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Amount	Annual	Final		Amount
Issue Name	Authorized	Installments	Maturity	Interest Rate(s)	Outstanding
UTGO Bonds dated 05/01/2005	\$3,120,000	Range from \$145,000 in 2015 to \$270,000 in 2025	12/01/2025	Range from 4.0% for bonds maturing 2015 to 5.0% for bonds maturing 2025	\$2,235,000
UTGO Bonds dated 12/20/2006	\$ 808,785	Range from \$35,000 in 2015 to \$85,000 in 2025	12/01/2025	4.95%	\$ 650,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$3,928,725				\$2,885,000

The following is a summary of general obligation long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2015:

Long-Term Debt Payable at 9/1/2014	\$3,055,000
New Issues	
Debt Retired	(\$170,000)
Long-Term Debt Payable at 8/31/2015	\$2,885,000

The following is a schedule of annual requirements to amortize debt at August 31, 2015:

Years Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2015-16	180,000	127,996	307,996
2016-17	195,000	119,390	314,390
2017-18	210,000	110,416	320,416
2018-19	225,000	101,095	326,095
2019-20	240,000	90,758	330,758
2020-21	260,000	79,260	339,260
2021-22	275,000	66,953	341,953
2022-23	295,000	53,835	348,835
2023-24	315,000	39,964	354,964
2024-25	335,000	25,298	360,298
2025-26	355,000	8,854	363,854
Total	\$2,885,000	\$823,819	\$3,708,819

At August 31, 2015, the District had \$172,426 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

NOTE 11: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

There was no interfund loan activity in the year ended August 31, 2015, nor was there any interfund transfer activity during the year ended August 31, 2015.

NOTE 12: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Northeast Washington Educational Service District #101 operates the Northeast Washington Workers' Compensation Cooperative to provide industrial insurance benefits to 58 public school districts in Northeast Washington. The district is a member of this cooperative which also provides environmental, health, security, industrial safety, and risk management to member districts. During the fiscal year ending August 31, 2015, the district made payments totaling \$139,637.95 to the industrial insurance pool. The District also made payments of \$141,519.02 to the unemployment insurance pool of which it is a member. The unemployment insurance pool is also administered by the NEWESD 101. Through the unemployment cooperative fifty public school districts and NEWESD 101 receive professional, cost-effective informational and claims management service. Unemployment claims management is handled through a third party administrator with accounting and reporting handled by NEWESD 101. During 2014-15, unemployment claims in the District's name totaled \$2,008.00. The ending balance held by NEWESD 101 on behalf of the district was \$208,865.12 as of August 31, 2015. The Washington State Auditor's Office has interpreted that the NEWESD 101 Unemployment Insurance Pool does not meet the strict definition of a 'risk pool'. As such, the District has elected to reflect its unemployment pool balance within its financial statements by recording the ending balance as an asset with the corresponding offset reflected in its assigned fund balance.

The District is a member of United Schools Insurance Program. Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or hire or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling

arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The program was formed on September 1, 1985, when 29 school districts in the state of Washington joined together by signing a Joint Purchasing Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Current membership includes 156 school districts.

The program allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage and provide related services, such as administration, risk management, claims administration, etc. Coverage for Wrongful Act Liability and Employee Benefit Liability is on a claims-made basis. All other coverages are on an occurrence basis. The program provides the following forms of group purchased insurance coverage for its members: Property, General Liability, Automotive Liability, Wrongful Acts Liability, and Crime.

Liability insurance is subject to a self-insured retention of \$100,000. Members are responsible for a \$1,000 deductible for each claim (member deductibles may vary), while the program is responsible for the \$100,000 self-insured retention (SIR). Insurance carriers cover insured losses over \$101,000 to the limits of each policy. Since the program is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members towards the sharing of the \$100,000 SIR. The program also purchases a stop loss policy with an attachment point of \$974,286, as an additional layer of protection for its members.

Property insurance is subject to a per-occurrence deductible of \$100,000. Members are responsible for \$1,000 deductible for each claim (Member deductibles may vary), while the program is responsible for the \$100,000 SIR.

Equipment Breakdown insurance is subject to a per-occurrence deductible of \$10,000. Members are responsible for the deductible amount of each claim.

Members contract to remain in the program for a minimum of one year, and must give notice before August 31 to terminate participation the following September 1. The Interlocal Agreement is renewed automatically each year. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for contributions to the program for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period they were a signatory to the Joint Purchasing Agreement.

The program is fully funded by its member participants. Claims are filed by members with Clear Risk Solutions, formerly Canfield, which has been contracted to perform program administration, claims adjustment, and loss prevention for the program. Fees paid to the third party administrator under this arrangement for the year ending August 31, 2015, were \$1,678,247.63.

A board of directors consisting of nine members is selected by the membership from six areas of the state on a staggered term basis and is responsible for conducting the business affairs of the program. The Board of Directors has contracted with Clear Risk Solutions to perform day-to-day administration of the program. This program has no employees.

The District also purchases 'Commercial Environmental Impairment Liability Insurance' on a premium basis through HUB International Mountain States Ltd. Insurance agency in Chewelah, WA. This covers required pollution liability coverage for the operation of VL Transport Center's fuel trucks. The policy carries a per-occurrence limit of \$1,000,000, and aggregate limits of \$2,000,000 with a \$10,000 self-insured retention. The policy was renewed April 1, 2013 for a term of three years.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The October 31 collection is not available in time to cover liabilities for the fiscal period ended August 31. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due on October 31 are recorded as unavailable revenue.

NOTE 14: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

In a joint resolution of the Valley School District Board and the Loon Lake School District Board, VL Transport Center (the "Cooperative") was duly formed on November 16, 2005 pursuant to 39.34 RCW. RCW 28A.335.160 and chapter 180-32 WAC. The resolution conferred contractual authority and subsequent ownership of the interdistrict transportation cooperative facility on Valley School District and designated Valley School District as the host district and legal applicant for purposes of chapter 180-32 WAC. Transportation operations for both districts are run out of the VL Transport Center facility. Loon Lake School District has assigned its State transportation operations allocation to Valley School District. As the host district, Valley School District employs all bus drivers and maintains all buses for both districts. Bus purchasing is not included as part of the cooperative and thus, each district continues to maintain its own transportation vehicle fund and to purchase/dispose of buses as necessary. The cooperative also owns one fuel truck and leases another from one of the cooperative member districts. The District purchases fuel under its fuel bid from fuel terminals located in Spokane. With the ability to purchase fuel directly from the fuel terminals, the cooperative is able to realize substantial cost savings. As a result, other districts have joined the cooperative in order to obtain fuel at lower prices. As of August 31, 2015 the cooperative had nine active members in addition to Valley and Loon Lake School Districts. All revenue and expenses associated with fuel are accounted for within Valley School District's General Fund, Program 89. Fuel expenses associated specifically with Valley and Loon Lake School Districts are accounted for through the debit/credit transfer process between Program 89 and Program 99 (Transportation Operations).

For fiscal year 2014-15, the VL Transport Center cooperative revenues totaled \$1,032,125, as compared to the preceding year's revenues of \$1,326,166. Expenditures related to the cooperative totaled \$1,031,351, as compared to the preceding year's expenditures of \$1,318,186.

Of the District's 643.87 full-time equivalent student enrollment in fiscal year 2014-15, 417.22 FTEs were enrolled in Columbia Virtual Academy (CVA), an Alternative Learning Experience (ALE) program where most students participate remotely. CVA is an online school program approved by the Digital Learning Department of the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction ("OSPI"), and is accredited through the Northwest Accreditation Commission. CVA is governed by Washington Administrative Code ("WAC") 392-121-182. That State regulation generally provides, for example, that to be "counted" as an enrolled student in any particular month, an ALE student (1) must have a written student learning plan on that month's count day, and (2) must have had direct personal contact with school staff at least once during the 20 school days before that month's count day. In addition to ALE students enrolled directly in the District's CVA program (and considered part of the District's total student enrollment), the District offers its CVA program to 8 other Washington school districts through interlocal agreements with the District. Under these agreements, the District provides various CVA-Central services related to administration of each school district's CVA program and charges a fee to these member school districts for the services provided.

In September 2010, the district began Paideia High School - the first innovative interdistrict cooperative high school to be formed in the state. Formation of such a program was made possible by the passage of ESHB 2913 in June, 2010. The purpose of the legislation was to authorize and encourage innovative cooperative high school programs for students from very small school districts. Only non-high districts are authorized to form such programs. Valley School District joined with four other non-high districts to form the cooperative of which Valley School District is the host. Students from the cooperative member districts enroll directly with Valley School District and attend Paideia High School. On May 10, 2013 Governor Inslee signed SHB 1076, Expanding Participation in Innovation Academy Cooperatives. Beginning with the 2014-15 school year, this bill allows non-resident students the choice to attend an Innovation Academy Cooperative such as Paideia High School for the same reasons students can choice into any other public high school. As a result, Paideia's enrollment in 2014-15 averaged 31.50 fte students, slightly above the 26 ftes in 2013-14.

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The District's current equity of -\$822.60 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

NOTE 15: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

	General		Capital Projects	Debt Service	Transportation Vehicle
N 111 E 1	Fund	ASB Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
Nonspendable Fund					
Balance					
Inventory and Prepaid	\$212,199				
Items	Ψ212,100				
Restricted Fund Balance					
For Other Items					
For Fund Purpose		\$36,701			\$142,141
For Carryover of	\$256				
Restricted Revenues	\$356				
For Skill Centers					
For Carryover of Food					
Service Revenue					
For Debt Service				\$172,426	
For Arbitrage Rebate					
For Self-Insurance					
For Uninsured Risks					
Committed Fund Balance					
For Economic					
Stabilization					
Other Commitments	\$32,800				
Assigned Fund Balance					
Contingencies	\$280,000				
Other Capital Projects					
Other Purposes	\$208,865				
Fund Purposes	·		\$108,451		
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$264,687				

On November 18, 2006 the board of directors, as host district under the VL Transport Center Interdistrict Transportation Cooperative Agreement, committed to reserve a portion of its General Fund Program 99 money each month to pay for future minor repair and renovation costs related to the cooperative. The amount of fund balance that has been set aside may only be used for that purpose. The District had set aside \$32,800 for this purpose as of August 31, 2015.

NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN PENSION PLANS—BOTH IN SEPARATELY ISSUED PLAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EMPLOYER STATEMENTS

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan, or the District.

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years under one type of deferral: elective deferrals (employee contribution).

The District complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various requirements. The plan is administered by The OMNI Group. The plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on these financial statements.

NOTE 17: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the vesting payment method.

Vacation pay, including benefits, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

No unrecorded liability exists for other employee benefits.

NOTE 18: CONDITIONS AND EVENTS GIVING RISE TO SUBSTANTIAL DOUBT ABOUT THE GOVERNMENT'S ABILITY TO CONTINUE AS A GOING CONCERN

There are no conditions and/or events giving rise to substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern.

Valley School District No. 070

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities: GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2014	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2015	Amount Due Within One Year
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Capital Leases	17,670.16	00.00	17,670.16	00.00	00.00
Contracts Payable	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Non-Cancellable Operating Leases	46,800.00	00.00	9,130.00	37,670.00	9,360.00
Claims & Judgements	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Compensated Absences	38,078.16	160,452.58	00.00	198,530.74	00.00
Long-Term Notes	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Lines of Credit	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	00.00	1,451,379.00	00.00	1,451,379.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	00.00	408,185.00	00.0	408,185.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	00.00	496,402.00	00.0	496,402.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	00.00	955,428.00	00.00	955,428.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	102,548.32	3,471,846.58	26,800.16	3,547,594.74	0,360.00

Valley School District No. 070

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities: DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Description	beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2014	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2015	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	3,055,000.00	00.00	170,000.00	2,885,000.00	180,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	0.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
Non-Voted Debt					
Non-Voted Bonds	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	0.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
Total Long-Term Liabilities	3,055,000.00	00.00	170,000.00	2,885,000.00	180,000.00

Valley School District No. 070

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

August 31, 2014

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
ASSETS:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	574,149.50	4,679.31	15,478.25	694.75	78,400.16	00.00	673,401.97
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-391,083.79	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	-391,083.79
Taxes Receivable	69,440.01		136,287.65	00.00	00.00		205,727.66
Due From Other Funds	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Due From Other Governmental Units	36,712.14	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00	0.00	36,712.14
Accounts Receivable	3,736.94	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	3,736.94
Interfund Loans Receivable	00.00			00.00			00.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
Inventory	732.20	00.00					732.20
Prepaid Items	181,732.36	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	181,732.36
Investments	525,017.27	32,163.14	149,091.37	107,626.79	76,000.51	00.00	889,899.08
Investments/Cash With Trustee	00.0		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	0.00			00.00			00.00
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	0.00						00.0
TOTAL ASSETS	1,000,436.63	36,842.45	300,857.27	108,321.54	154,400.67	00.00	1,600,858.56
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	39,565.27	3,439.50	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00	43,004.77
Contracts Payable Current	00.0	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Accrued Interest Payable			00.0				00.00
Accrued Salaries	29,738.64	00.00		00.00			29,738.64
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.0		00.00	00.0	00.00		00.00
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	5,339.43	00.0		00.0			5,339.43
Due To Other Governmental Units	3,642.51	00.0		00.0	00.0	00.0	3,642.51
Deferred Compensation Payable	00.0			00.00			00.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	0.00						00.0
Due To Other Funds	0.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.0	0.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Valley School District No. 070

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

August 31, 2014

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
LIABILITIES:							
Interfund Loans Payable	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.0		00.00
Deposits	00.00	00.00		00.00			00.00
Unearned Revenue	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0		00.00
Matured Bonds Payable			00.00				00.00
Matured Bond Interest Payable			00.00				00.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.0		00.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	78,285.85	3,439.50	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	81,725.35
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable Revenue	4,800.84	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	4,800.84
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	69,440.01		136,287.65	00.00	00.00		205,727.66
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	74,240.85	00.00	136,287.65	0.00	0.00	00.00	210,528.50
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	182,464.56	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	182,464.56
Restricted Fund Balance	26,474.24	33,402.95	164,569.62	00.00	154,400.67	00.00	378,847.48
Committed Fund Balance	28,000.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	28,000.00
Assigned Fund Balance	322,000.00	00.00	00.00	108,321.54	00.0	00.00	430,321.54
Unassigned Fund Balance	288,971.13	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.00	288,971.13
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	847,909.93	33,402.95	164,569.62	108,321.54	154,400.67	0.00	1,308,604.71
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	1,000,436.63	36,842.45	300,857.27	108,321.54	154,400.67	00.00	1,600,858.56

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Valley School District No. 070

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

	,		Debt		Transportation		
	General Fund	Fund	Service Fund	Projects Fund	Vehicle Fund	Fund Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	330,289.09	12,786.44	309,375.49	16,295.97	70.19		668,817.1
State	6,949,831.99		00.00	00.00	76,212.57		7,026,044.5
Federal	398,213.56		00.00	00.00	00.00		398,213.5
Federal Stimulus	0.00						0.0
Other	2,607,310.35			00.00	00.00	00.00	2,607,310.3
TOTAL REVENUES	10,285,644.99	12,786.44	309,375.49	16,295.97	76,282.76	0.00	10,700,385.6
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT:							
Regular Instruction	4,881,565.65						4,881,565.6
Federal Stimulus	0.00						0.0
Special Education	803,014.68						803,014.6
Vocational Education	00.0						0.0
Skill Center	00.0						0.0
Compensatory Programs	388,340.31						388,340.3
Other Instructional Programs	9,725.10						9,725.1
Community Services	1,528,167.29						1,528,167.2
Support Services	2,815,357.90						2,815,357.9
Student Activities/Other		12,985.32				00.0	12,985.3
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				00.00			0.0
Building				00.00			0.0
Equipment				00.00			0.0
Instructional Technology				00.00			0.0
Energy				00.00			0.0
Transportation Equipment					00.00		0.0
Sales and Lease				00.00			0.0
Other	21,936.57						21,936.5
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	0.00		160,000.00	00.00	00.00		160,000.0
Interest and Other Charges	0.00		142,854.25	00.00	00.0		142,854.2
Bond/Levy Issuance				00.00	00.00		0.0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,448,107.50	12,985.32	302,854.25	00.00	00.00	0.00	10,763,947.0

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Valley School District No. 070

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
DEBT SERVICE:							
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-162,462.51	-198.88	6,521.24	16,295.97	76,282.76	00.0	-63,561.42
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Long-Term Financing	00.0			00.00	00.00		00.00
Transfers In	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Transfers Out (GL 536)	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Other	00.00		00.00	00.00	1,156.00		1,156.00
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0.00		00.00	0.00	1,156.00	0.00	1,156.00
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	-162,462.51	-198.88	6,521.24	16,295.97	77,438.76	00.0	-62,405.42
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	1,010,372.44	33,601.83	158,048.38	92,025.57	76,961.91	0.00	1,371,010.13
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.00
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	847,909.93	33,402.95	164,569.62	108,321.54	154,400.67	00.00	1,308,604.71

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Valley School District (District) is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–8. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1) and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principle and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington State, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes receivable are measurable but not available and are, therefore, not accrued. Categorical program claims and interdistrict billings are measurable and available and are, therefore, accrued.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>. The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Superintendent and Chief Financial Officer are the only persons who have the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and Payables

The only receivables and payables not expected to be collected and/or paid within one year are \$2,964,046.86 of notes, lease obligations and compensated absence liabilities in the Schedule of Long Term Liabilities.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. \$732.20 of fund balance, representing USDA commodity inventory, is considered Nonspendable. (Such reserves for inventory indicate that a portion of net current assets is set aside to replace or increase the inventory.) USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Effective for the 2013-2014 school year, the district implemented provisions of GASB Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. As a result, deferred property taxes were reclassified from liabilities to deferred inflows of resources.

NOTE 2: CASH DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The Stevens County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2014, are as follows:

	Number of Securities	Carrying Amount	Market Value
Certificates of Deposit or Other Time Deposits			
Repurchase Agreements			
Bankers' Acceptance			
Obligations of the U.S. Government or Its Subsidiary			
Corporations			
Investments Held by Broker-Dealers Under Reverse			
Repurchase Agreements:			
U.S. Government Securities			
U.S. Instrumentality Securities			
State Treasurer's Investment Pool		\$889,899.08	\$889,899.08
County Treasurer's Investment Pool			
Total Investments		\$889,899.08	\$889,899.08

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In 2012-13 the State Auditor initiated a statewide audit of 'substantially similar' services offered by ALE programs of twelve school districts during the 2011-12 school year. Valley School District was one of the districts audited. The term and definition "Substantially similar experiences and services" was first

implemented in 2011-12 and means that for each purchased or contracted instructional or co-curricular course, lesson, trip, or other experience, service, or activity identified on an alternative learning experience written student learning plan there is an identical or similar experience, service, or activity made available to students enrolled in the district's regular instructional program that is: (i) At a similar grade level; (ii) At a similar level of frequency, intensity, and duration including, but not limited to, consideration of individual versus group instruction; (iii) At a similar level of cost to the student with regard to any related club, group, or association memberships; admission, enrollment, registration, rental or other participation fees; or any other expense associated with the experience or service; (iv) In accordance with district adopted content standards or state defined grade level standards; and (v) supervised, monitored, assessed, evaluated, and documented by a certificated teacher. The State Auditor found that the District's Columbia Virtual Academy (CVA) program provided experiences totaling \$298,255.43 that were not deemed to be "substantially similar". In May, 2014 the District received an OSPI audit resolution notice indicating its intention to recapture the funds. After receiving additional information from the District, OSPI subsequently reduced the amount to \$286,661. OSPI also agreed to the District's request that recapture of the funds not occur until January, 2016.

Litigation

The District has no known legal obligations that would materially impact the financial position of the District.

NOTE 4: SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no events after the balance sheet date that would have a material impact on the next or future fiscal years.

NOTE 5: ANNUAL PENSION COST AND NET PENSION OBLIGATIONS

A. General Information

Substantially all District full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS): Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS). Participation in the programs was as follows:

Membership by retirement system program as of June 30, 2012:

<u>Program</u>	Active Members	Inactive Vested Members	Retired Members
TRS	65,357	9,545	42,918
PERS	150,590	30,515	82,242
SERS	51,558	10,920	7,651

Membership by retirement system program as of June 30, 2013:

<u>Program</u>	Active Members	Inactive Vested Members	Retired Members
TRS	65,935	9,823	44,220
PERS	150,706	31,047	85,328
SERS	52,295	11,588	9,079

Data is as of last actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2013.

Certificated public employees are members of TRS. Noncertificated public employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS.

Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. Plan 1 members are eligible to retire with full benefits after five years of credited service and attainment of age 60, after 25 years of credited service and attainment of age 55, or after 30 years of credited service.

Plan 2 under the TRS or SERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined on or after October 1, 1977, but before June 30, 1996 or August 31, 2000, for TRS or SERS programs, respectively. Members of TRS and SERS are eligible to retire with full benefits after five years of credited service and attainment of age 65, after 20 years of credited service and attainment of age 55 with the benefit actuarially reduced from age 65, or 30 years of credited service and receive either a reduced benefit or stricter return-to-work rules.

Plan 3 under the TRS and SERS programs are defined benefit, defined contribution pension plans whose members joined on or after July 1, 1996, or September 1, 2000, for TRS and SERS, respectively. Members are eligible to retire with full benefits at age 65, or they may retire at age 55 with at least ten service years with a reduced benefit amount, or they may retire at age 55 with at least 30 service years and receive either a reduced benefit or stricter return-to-work rules.

Average final compensation (AFC) of Plan 1 TRS and PERS members is the highest average salary during any two consecutive years. For Plan 2 and Plan 3 TRS and SERS members, it is the highest average salary during any five consecutive years.

The retirement allowance of Plan 1 TRS and PERS members is the AFC multiplied by 2 percent per year of service capped at 60 percent with a cost-of-living adjustment. For Plan 2 TRS and SERS members, it is the AFC multiplied by 2 percent per year of service with provision for a cost-of-living adjustment. For the defined benefit portion of Plan 3 TRS and SERS it is the AFC multiplied by 1 percent per year of service with a cost-of-living adjustment.

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at 6 percent and does not vary from year to year. The employer rate is the same for all plans in a system. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.40, 41.32, and 41.35 RCW for PERS, TRS and SERS respectively.

The district contribution represents its full liability under both systems, except that future rates may be adjusted to meet the system needs.

B. Contributions

Employee contribution rates effective September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2014:

 Plan 1 TRS
 6.00%
 Plan 1 PERS 6.00%

 Plan 2 TRS
 4.96%
 Plan 2 SERS 4.64%

 Plan 3 TRS and SERS
 5.00% (minimum), 15.00% (maximum)

For Plan 3 TRS and SERS, rates adjusted based upon age may be chosen. The optional rates range begins at 5 percent and increase to a maximum of 15 percent.

Employer contribution rates effective September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2014:

Plan 1 TRS	10.39%	Plan 1 PERS	9.21%
Plan 2 TRS	10.39%	Plan 2 SERS	9.82%
Plan 3 TRS	10.39%	Plan 3 SERS	9.82%

Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. Employer required contributions in dollars (Participant information for all plans is, as of August 31):

Plan	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Plan 1 TRS	\$ 2,516.95	\$ 16.10	\$ 0.00
Plan 2 TRS	\$ 77,910.31	\$ 72,664.61	\$ 89,909.99
Plan 3 TRS	\$ 126,437.01	\$ 107,973.87	\$ 119,623.16
Plan 1 PERS	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
Plan 2 SERS	\$ 109,367.31	\$ 99,930.31	\$ 126,081.42
Plan 3 SERS	\$ 63,788.60	\$ 50,902.62	\$ 69,953.81

Historical trend information showing TRS, PERS and SERS progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the state of Washington's June 30, 2014, comprehensive annual financial report. Refer to this report for detailed trend information. It is available from:

State of Washington
Office of Financial Management
300 Insurance Building
PO BOX 43113
Olympia, WA 98504-3113

NOTE 6: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The State, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers an agent multi-employer Other Post-Employment Benefit plan. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Programs include (medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance).

Employers participating in the plan include the State of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), 57 of the state's K–12 school districts and educational service districts (ESDs), and 206 political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the remaining 247 K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

According to state law, the Washington State Treasurer collects a fee from all school district entities which have employees that are not current active members of the state Health Care Authority but participate in the state retirement system. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees that elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority. The District does not fund this as a benefit to its employees. Instead, District employees pay the fees through a payroll deduction. For the fiscal year 2013-14, the HCA required \$64.40 per month per full-time equivalent employee to support the program. The total annual payment remitted to the state HCA by the District through employee payroll deductions was \$73,626.07. This assessment to the District is set forth in the State's operating budget and is subject to change on an

annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its Annual Required Contribution nor the Net Other Post-Employment Benefit obligation associated with this plan. Accordingly, these amounts are not shown on the financial statements. This is a departure from GAAP.

NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED (OPERATING) LEASES

For the fiscal year(s) ended August 31, 2014, the District had incurred additional long-term debt as follows:

Copier/Printers – Lessor: H&H Business Systems, Inc. – In August, 2014, the District executed five 60-month operating leases for five machines. The expiry date of all five leases is August 31, 2019. The lease obligation within one year is \$9,360.00. Total outstanding lease obligation for the remaining term is \$46,800.00. All leases renew automatically for a period of one year unless the District provides written notice.

NOTE 8: ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be re-encumbered the following year. The following encumbrance amounts were re-encumbered by fund on September 1, 2014:

Fund	Amount
General	\$4,959.85
ASB Fund	\$0
Capital Projects Fund	\$0
Transportation Vehicle Fund	\$0

NOTE 9: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$23,841,225 for fiscal year 2013-14. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

Capitalized Leases -

The District leases various computer equipment from Dell Financial Services. As of August 31, 2014 the District was party to five 36-month lease contracts with expiry dates ranging from January 1, 2015 to December 1, 2015. Each piece of equipment has a purchase value of less than \$1,650.00. However, because title to the equipment is automatically vested in the District upon completion of the leases, they are reported under capitalized leases per GASB 62.

As of August 31, 2014, total capitalized lease obligations to Dell Financial Services for each of the next two years were as follows:

2014-15	2015-16
\$14,141.46	\$3,528.70

NOTE 10: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-Term Debt

Bonds payable at August 31, 2014, are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Amount	Annual	Final	Interest	Amount
Issue Name	Authorized	Installments	Maturity	Rate(s)	Outstanding
UTGO Bonds dated 05/01/2005	\$3,120,000	Range from \$140,000 in 2014 to \$270,000 in 2025	12/01/2025	Range from 4.0% - 5.0% at maturity	\$2,375,000
UTGO Bonds dated 12/20/2006	\$ 808,785	Range from \$30,000 in 2014 to \$85,000 in 2025	12/01/2025	4.95%	\$ 680,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$3,928,785				\$3,055,000

The following is a summary of general obligation long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2014:

Long-Term Debt Payable at 9/1/2013	\$3,215,000
New Issues	
Debt Retired	(\$160,000)
Long-Term Debt Payable at 8/31/2014	\$3,055,000

The following is a schedule of annual requirements to amortize debt at August 31, 2014:

Years Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2014-15	170,000	135,668	305,668
2015-16	180,000	127,996	307,996
2016-17	195,000	119,390	314,390
2017-18	210,000	110,416	320,416
2018-19	225,000	101,095	326,095
2019-20	240,000	90,758	330,758
2020-21	260,000	79,260	339,260
2021-22	275,000	66,953	341,953
2022-23	295,000	53,835	348,835
2023-24	315,000	39,964	354,964
2024-25	335,000	25,298	360,298
2025-26	355,000	8,854	363,854
Total	\$3,055,000	\$959,485	\$4,014,485

At August 31, 2014, the District had \$164,570 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

NOTE 11: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The District had no interfund loan or transfer activity, nor were there any interfund loans outstanding as of August 31, 2014.

NOTE 12: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

NEWESD 101 operates the Northeast Washington Workers' Compensation Cooperative to provide industrial insurance benefits to 58 public school districts in Northeast Washington. The district is a member of this cooperative. The cooperative also provides environmental, health, security, industrial safety, and risk management to member districts. During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2014, the district made payments totaling \$150,017.25 to the industrial insurance pool. The district also made payments of \$108,337.14 to, and is a member of, the unemployment insurance pool which is administered by the NEWESD101. Through the unemployment cooperative fifty public school districts and NEWESD 101 receive professional, cost-effective informational and claims management service. Unemployment claims management is handled through a third party administrator with accounting and reporting handled by NEWESD 101. During 2013-14, unemployment claims in the District's name totaled \$14,110.39. As of August 31, 2014 the ending balance held by NEWESD 101 on behalf of the district was \$69,537.95. The State Auditor's Office (SAO) has recently interpreted the unemployment pool as not meeting the strict definition of a 'risk pool'. Discussions are ongoing between SAO and NEWESD101. Because the matter is currently under discussion and no official guidance has been provided by OSPI and, because the District's \$69,537.95 is immaterial to its total financial position, the District has elected not to report the balance as assets in its fund balance as of August 31, 2014. In other words, the District continued to recognize the unemployment pool as a risk pool – the same practice as in previous fiscal years.

Valley School District #070 was a founding member of the United Schools Insurance Program (USIP). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or hire or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The pool was formed on September 1, 1985 when 29 school districts in the State of Washington joined together by signing a Joint Purchasing Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administratively pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. There are over one hundred fifty members of the pool.

The pool allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage and provide related services, such as administration, risk management, claims administration, etc. Coverage for educators' legal liability is on a "claims made basis". All other coverage is on an "occurrence basis". The pool provides the following forms of group purchased insurance coverage for its members: property, liability, automobile liability, boiler and machinery, crime, excess liability and educators' legal liability.

The pool acquires liability insurance from unrelated underwriters that are subject to a per-occurrence deductible of \$100,000. Members are responsible for the first \$1,000 of the deductible amount of each claim, while the pool is responsible for the remaining \$99,000. Insurance carriers cover insured losses over the \$100,000 to the limits of each policy. Since the pool is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members towards the sharing of the \$99,000 portion of the

deductible. The USIP purchases an Aggregate Stop Loss policy to protect the program assets against any abnormal frequency or severity of claims in one year. The coverage minimizes the risk of having any retroactive assessments, if the liability losses exceed the amount budgeted and collected from the membership.

The pool is fully funded by its member participants. Claims are filed by members with Canfield & Associates, which has been contracted to perform pool administration, claims adjustment and administration and loss prevention for the pool.

A Board of Directors consisting of eight members is selected by the membership from six areas of the state on a staggered term basis and is responsible for conducting the business affairs of the pool.

The District also purchases 'Commercial Environmental Impairment Liability Insurance' on a premium basis through HUB International Mountain States Ltd. Insurance agency in Chewelah, WA. This covers required pollution liability coverage for the operation of VL Transport Center's fuel trucks. The policy carries a per-occurrence limit of \$1,000,000, and aggregate limits of \$2,000,000 with a \$10,000 self-insured retention. The policy was renewed April 1, 2013 for a term of three years.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The October 31 collection is not available in time to cover liabilities for the fiscal period ended August 31. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due on October 31 are recorded as deferred revenue.

NOTE 14: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

In a joint resolution of the Valley School District Board and the Loon Lake School District Board, VL Transport Center (the "Cooperative") was duly formed on November 16, 2005 pursuant to 39.34 RCW, RCW 28A.335.160 and chapter 180-32 WAC. The resolution conferred contractual authority and subsequent ownership of the interdistrict transportation cooperative facility on Valley School District and designated Valley School District as the host district and legal applicant for purposes of chapter 180-32 WAC. Transportation operations for both districts are run out of the VL Transport Center facility. Loon Lake School District has assigned its State transportation operations allocation to Valley School District. As the host district, Valley School District employs all bus drivers and maintains all buses for both districts. Bus purchasing is not included as part of the cooperative and thus, each district continues to maintain its own transportation vehicle fund and to purchase/dispose of buses as necessary. The cooperative also owns one fuel truck and leases another from one of the cooperative member districts. The District purchases fuel under its fuel bid from fuel terminals located in Spokane. With the ability to purchase fuel directly from the fuel terminals, the cooperative is able to realize substantial cost savings. As a result, other districts have joined the cooperative in order to obtain fuel at lower prices. As of August 31, 2014 the cooperative had twelve active members in addition to Valley and Loon Lake School Districts. All revenue and expenses associated with fuel are accounted for within Valley School District's General Fund, Program 89. Fuel expenses associated specifically with Valley and Loon Lake School Districts are accounted for through the debit/credit transfer process between Program 89 and Program 99 (Transportation Operations).

For fiscal year 2013-14, the VL Transport Center cooperative revenues totaled \$1,326,166, as compared to the preceding year's revenues of \$1,301,760. Expenditures related to the cooperative totaled \$1,318,186, as compared to the preceding year's expenditures of \$1,344,072.

Of the District's 862.69 full-time equivalent student enrollment in fiscal year 2013-2014, 628.16 FTEs were enrolled in Columbia Virtual Academy (CVA), an Alternative Learning Experience (ALE) program where most students participate remotely. CVA is an online school program approved by the Digital Learning Department of the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction ("OSPI"), and is accredited through the Northwest Accreditation Commission. CVA is governed by Washington Administrative Code ("WAC") 392-121-182. That State regulation generally provides, for example, that to be "counted" as an enrolled student in any particular month, an ALE student (1) must have a written student learning plan on that month's count day, and (2) must have had direct personal contact with school staff at least once during the 20 school days before that month's count day. In addition to ALE students enrolled directly in the District's CVA program (and considered part of the District's total student enrollment), the District offers its CVA program to 8 other Washington school districts through interlocal agreements with the District. Under these agreements, the District provides various CVA-Central services related to administration of each school district's CVA program and charges a fee to these member school districts for the services provided.

In September 2010, the district began Paideia High School - the first innovative interdistrict cooperative high school to be formed in the state. Formation of such a program was made possible by the passage of ESHB 2913 in June, 2010. The purpose of the legislation was to authorize and encourage innovative cooperative high school programs for students from very small school districts. Only non-high districts are authorized to form such programs. Valley School District joined with four other non-high districts to form the cooperative of which Valley School District is the host. Students from the cooperative member districts enroll directly with Valley School District and attend Paideia High School. In 2013-2014, an average of 26 fte students were enrolled with the district in Paideia High School.

The school district is a member of the King County Directors' Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing co-op designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The district's 8/31/2014 equity share of \$-1,066.62 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

NOTE 15: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Nonspendable Fund Balance					
Inventory and Prepaid Items	\$182,465				
Restricted Fund Balance					
Carryover of Restricted Revenues	\$ 26,474				
Debt Service				\$164,570	
Arbitrage Rebate					
Uninsured Risks					
For Fund Purpose		\$33,403			\$154,401
Other Items					
Committed Fund Balance					
Minimum Fund Balance Policy					
Other Commitments	\$28,000				
Assigned Fund Balance					
Contingencies	\$322,000				
Other Capital Projects					
Other Purposes					
Fund Purposes			\$108,322		
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$288,971				

NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN PENSION PLANS—BOTH IN SEPARATELY ISSUED PLAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EMPLOYER STATEMENTS

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan, or the District.

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years under one type of deferral: elective deferrals (employee contribution).

The District complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various requirements. The plan is administered by The OMNI Group. The plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on these financial statements.

NOTE 17: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year. The District has not adopted the buyout provisions for sick leave as authorized under RCW 28A.400.210. As such, no liability exists for buy out of sick leave.

Vacation pay, including benefits, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

Valley School District No. 070

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities: GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

	Beginning Outstanding Debt		Amount	Ending	
Description	September 1, 2013	Amount Issued / Increased	Redeemed / Decreased	Outstanding Debt August 31, 2014	Amount Due Within One Year
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Capital Leases	50,221.50	00.00	32.551.34	17,670.16	14,141.46
Contracts Payable	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.00
Non-Cancellable Operating Leases	18,551.00	46,800.00	18,551.00	46,800.00	9,360.00
Claims & Judgements	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.0
Compensated Absences	42,983.23	00.0	4,905.07	38,078.16	00.00
Long-Term Notes	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.0
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.00
Lines of Credit	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.0
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Total Long-Term Liabilities	111,755.73	46,800.00	56,007.41	102,548.32	23,501.46

Valley School District No. 070

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities: DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2013	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2014	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	3,215,000.00	00.00	160,000.00	3,055,000.00	170,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	0.00	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00
Non-Voted Debt					
Non-Voted Bonds	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	0.00	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00
Total Long-Term Liabilities	3,215,000.00	00.00	160,000.00	3,055,000.00	170,000.00

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with our audit clients and citizens to achieve our vision of government that works for citizens, by helping governments work better, cost less, deliver higher value, and earn greater public trust.

In fulfilling our mission to hold state and local governments accountable for the use of public resources, we also hold ourselves accountable by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency and developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an elected agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits and investigations. Our audits are designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state, and local laws.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as <u>fraud</u>, state <u>whistleblower</u> and <u>citizen hotline</u> investigations.

The results of our work are widely distributed through a variety of reports, which are available on our <u>website</u> and through our free, electronic <u>subscription</u> service.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously, and provide training and technical assistance to governments, and have an extensive quality assurance program.

Contact information for the State A	uditor's Office
Public Records requests	PublicRecords@sao.wa.gov
Main telephone	(360) 902-0370
Toll-free Citizen Hotline	(866) 902-3900
Website	www.sao.wa.gov